POLYVINYLCHLORIDE SUSPENSION for plastified processing

PVC K-70

GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

It is a fine, white, odourless powder, soluble in ketones and tetrahydrofuran, that is obtained through the polymerization of vinyl chloride suspension.

No.	Technical date	U/M	K-70	Testing methods
1	Appearance		fine white	Visual
			powder	
2	K-value		69.0-71.0	EN ISO 1628-3:2010
3	Moisture and volatile constituents,	%	0.4	ASTM D 3030-95
	max.			
4	Bulk density (vol.)	g/cm ³	0.45-0.51	ISO 60-77
5	Plasticizer absorption, min.	%	95	ASTM 1755-92
6	Calcinations residues max.	%	0.04	EN ISO 3451/5-02
7	Residue on 0.250 mm. sieve, max.	%	1	EN ISO 4610-98
8	Residue on 0.063 mm. sieve, min.	%	95	EN ISO 4610-98
6	Impurities max.	No/dm ²	4	EN ISO 1265-98
9	Vinyl chloride residue, max.	Ppm.	1	ISO 6401-85

TECHNICAL QUALITY CONDITIONS:

Note: The above characteristics are tested on an average sample collected from 5% of the packagings in a batch.

APPLICATIONS:

PVC K-70 is recommended for plasticized profiles extrusion or calendering (footwear soles, sheeting for outdoor upholstery use, wire and cable insulation).

PACKAGING-STORAGE:

It is packed in:

- 25kg net bags of polypropylene lined with polyethylene, (permissible limit ± 0.2 kg)
- paper bags 25kg net (permissible limit \pm 0.15kg), palletized and wrapped with polyethylene film
- 1000; 1100 or 1300kg big bags of polypropylene lined with polyethylene (permissible limit \pm 5kg)

- silo wagons provided either by the supplier or by the customer.

The product should be stored in cool, dry and well vented areas far from inconsistent materials. Polyvinyl chloride presents the risk of electrostatic energy storage, that is why the storage silos are earthed.

SAFETY MEASURES:

Before handling and using this product, the personnel should be acquainted with hazards incurred.